



Private Funds Regulatory Compliance Calendar 2017

This Regulatory Compliance Calendar for 2017 is being furnished on a confidential basis exclusively to certain clients of Paul, Weiss and is not for redistribution or public use. This Calendar covers certain (but not all) regulatory obligations of a typical U.S.-based private fund adviser. This Calendar does not address all potential regulatory reporting and compliance obligations applicable to a private fund adviser, including, but not limited to, those arising under: (i) state reporting regimes; (ii) the Commodities Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") or the National Futures Association requirements (other than the annual affirmation requirement applicable to commodity pool operators exempt or excluded from registration under CFTC Rule 4.5, 4.13(a)(1), 4.13(a)(2), 4.13(a)(3), or 4.13(a)(5) or commodity trading advisors exempt from registration under Rule 4.14(a)(8); (iii) rules or regulations of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (other than annual "new issues" certifications); (iv) tax; (v) ERISA; and (vi) non-U.S. regulatory regimes.

The information contained herein is provided for informational and discussion purposes only.

This Calendar is not intended to provide legal advice, and no legal or business decisions should be based on its content. Questions concerning issues addressed in this Calendar should be directed to the Paul, Weiss contacts listed on the last page of this Calendar. Please note that the information contained herein is current as of November 2016 and is subject to change throughout 2017.

Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP

Annual Compliance Obligations Not Tied to a Specific Date			
Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	Notes	
Annual Review of Compliance Policies and Procedures.	Rule 206(4)-7 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the "Advisers Act") requires a registered investment adviser to review annually the adequacy of its written compliance policies and procedures and the effectiveness of their implementation.	The Advisers Act does not specify a date for the annual review.	
Annual Training of Compliance Personnel.	As a matter of best practices under Advisers Act Rule 206 (4)-7, an investment adviser's chief compliance officer should ensure that all relevant personnel receive annual training covering all compliance policies and procedures.		
Annual Bring-Down of "Bad Actor" Representations (only applicable for ongoing offerings relying on Rule 506 under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act")).	Securities $\operatorname{Act} \underline{\operatorname{Ruk} 506(d)}$ / Compliance & Disclosure Interpretations $\underline{\operatorname{Question}}$ 260.14 requires an issuer to determine whether bad actor disqualification under Rule 506(d) applies any time an issuer is offering or selling securities in reliance on Rule 506. If an offering is continuous or long-lived (e.g., a typical hedge fund offering), the issuer must update its factual inquiry periodically through bring-down of representations, questionnaires and certifications, negative consent letters, periodic re-checking of public databases, and other steps, depending on the circumstances.	Rule 506 does not require a specific date for the bringdown. Best practices suggest at least on an annual basis.	
Annual Holdings Report.	A dvisers $Act \underline{Rule 204A-1}$ requires "access persons" to submit a report of current securities holdings to the investment adviser's chief compliance officer at least once per 12-month period.	Rule 204A-1 provides for the investment adviser to select a date for the annual holdings reports.	
Privacy Policy Notices. Send an annual privacy notice to applicable fund investors.	Regulation S-P under the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (the "GLBA") requires investment advisers to provide annually, during the continuation of the customer relationship, clear and conspicuous notice to "customers" regarding the adviser's privacy policies and procedures. A 2015 a mendment to the GLBA no longer requires financial institutions to provide annual privacy notices if they only share nonpublic personal information with third-parties in a manner that does not trigger an opt-out right and have not changed their policies and practices from those disclosed in the most recent privacy notice provided to the customer.	Regulation S-P does not require a specific date bywhich the privacy policies must be sent. Privacy policies must be provided at least once during any period of 12 consecutive months (applied to the customer consistently).	
Annual New Issues Certification. If a private fund intends to invest in "new issues," send an annual "new issues" questionnaire and certification to all private fund investors to obtain and/or confirm investors' "restricted person" and "covered person" status.	Fin ancial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") $\underline{Rules5130}$ and $\underline{5131}$ require FINRA members to obtain representations from private funds of their eligibility to acquire "new issues."	Annual representations may be obtained through use of negative consent. FINRA rules do not require a specific date by which the certification must be sent, but it must be obtained at least every 12 months.	

Annual Compliance Obligations Not Tied to a Specific Date			
Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	N otes	
Conduct general review of Treasury International Capital Forms ("TIC Forms") applicable for the calendar year:	TIC Forms and Instructions: 1.2		
Monthly and Quarterly Reports:			
TIC <u>Form BC</u> , <u>BL-1</u> , <u>BL-2</u> – For preceding month. (Due on the 15th day following each month-end.) TIC <u>Form BQ-1</u> , <u>BQ-2</u> , <u>BQ-3</u> – For preceding quarter. (Due on the 20th day following each quarter-end.)	TIC <u>B Forms Instructions</u> — Monthly or quarterly reporting of liabilities to, and claims against, foreign residents, required of all U.Sresident financial institutions (including private funds). Exemption levels apply form-by-form and range from \$25M to \$4B (note that private funds advisers complete the forms as the financial institution and report for the private funds they		
20th day following each quarter-end.)	manage as customers). An entity that is not of the type subject to TIC Form B reporting may instead be subject to TIC Form C reporting.		
TIC Form S – For preceding month. (Due on the 15th day following the last business day of each month.)	$TIC \ \underline{Form\ S\ Instructions} - Monthly transaction-based reporting of purchases and sales of long-term securities between U.S. and foreign entities required of U.Sresident entities that, during the month, had $350 million or more in reportable purchases or reportable sales (note that private fund advisers must aggregate reportable securities a cross private funds managed).$		
TIC Form SLT – For preceding month. (Due on the 23rd day following each month-end.)	TIC <u>Form SLT Instructions</u> — Monthly reporting of ownership of long-term foreign securities by U.S. persons and ownership of long-term U.S. securities by foreign persons. \$1 billion reporting threshold (note that private fund advisers must a ggregate reportable securities across private funds managed).		
Annual and Benchmark Reports:			
TIC Form SHC Schedules – Quinquennial report. (Due first Friday of March 2017, i.e., March 3, 2017.)	TIC Form SHC Instructions — Quinquennial reporting (filing as of December 31, 2016) of U.S. ownership of foreign securities.		
TIC Form SHCA — For preceding year. (Next report expected to be due first Friday of March 2018.)	TIC Form SHCA Instructions – Annual report (other than SHC years) of U.S. ownership of foreign securities as of December 31; only for entities contacted by the Federal Reserve.		
TIC Form SHL – Quinquennial report; no current form a vailable. Next filing as of last business day of June 2019. (Expected to be due last business day of August 2019.)	TIC Form SHL Instructions — Quinquennial reporting (next filing as of June 30, 2019) of foreign residents' holdings of U.S. securities.		
TIC Form SHLA Schedules – For preceding year. (Due last business day of August 2017, i.e., August 31, 2017.)	TIC Form SHLA Instructions — Annual report (other than SHL years) of foreign residents' holdings of U.S. securities as of June 30; only for entities contacted by the Federal Reserve.		
TIC Form D – For preceding quarter. (Due on the 50th day following each quarter-end.)	TIC <u>Form D Instructions</u> — Quarterly reporting of holdings and transactions in derivatives contracts required of U.S. residents' worldwide derivatives holdings with a net notional value exceeding \$400 billion or "Grand Total Net Settlements" exceeding \$400 million.		

 $^{^1}$ TIC Forms expire and/or are updated on a rolling basis and the instructions accordingly change from time to time. Before filing please confirm that the form you are completing is still current 2 If a TIC report is due on a non-business day, the due date is the next business day.

	Annual Compliance Obligations Not Tied to a Specific Date			
Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	Notes		
General review of Bureau of Economic Analysis ("BEA"), Agency of U.S. Department of Commerce reporting forms ("BEA Forms") applicable for the calendar year:	BEA Forms and Instructions: 3,4			
BE-577 – For the preceding quarter. 2017 form not yet available. (Due on the 30th day following quarter-end, except due on the 45th day following end of the final quarter.)	$\frac{BE-577Instructions}{PE-577Instructions} - Quarterly reporting of U.S. direct investment a broad required from U.S. persons ("U.S. reporters") who have had direct transactions or positions with a foreign business enterprise in which it held indirectly or directly an ownership interest of at least 10% of voting interests at any time during the reporting period. Only entities contacted by the BEA must report.$	The following BEA Forms are subject to proposed rule changes that will impact the way private fund advisers will need to complete these forms:		
$\underline{BE-605}$ — For the preceding quarter. (Due on the 30th day following quarter-end, except due on the 45th day following end of the final quarter.)	<u>BE-605 Instructions</u> — Quarterly reporting of foreign direct investment in the U.S. required from U.S. reporters in which foreign persons owned, directly or indirectly, a 10% or more voting interest at any time during the reporting period. Only entities contacted by the BEA must report.	 BE-577 BE-605 		
$\underline{BE\text{-}185}$ — For the preceding quarter. (Due on the 45th day following quarter-end, except due on the 90th day following end of the final quarter.)	<u>BE-185 Instructions</u> — Quarterly reporting required from U.S. financial services providers (including private funds and their advisers) of financial services purchased from or sold to foreign persons. Only entities contacted by the BEA must report.	BE-13BE-11BE-15		
BE-11 — For the preceding year. 2016 reporting form not yet available. (Expected to be due May 31, 2017.)	<u>BE-11 Instructions</u> — Annual reporting (other than BE-10 years) of U.S. direct investment abroad required from U.S. reporters for each foreign business enterprise in which it held, indirectly or directly, an ownership interest of at least 10% of voting interests. (Annual filing related to quarterly Form BE-577.) Only entities contacted by the BEA must report.			
BE-15 — For the preceding year. 2016 reporting form not yet available. (Expected to be due May 31, 2017.)	<u>BE-15 Instructions</u> – Annual reporting (other than BE-12 years) of foreign direct investment in the U.S. required from U.S. reporters in which foreign persons own, directly or indirectly, a 10% or more voting interest. (Annual filing related to quarterly Form BE-605.) Only entities contacted by the BEA must report.			
BE-10 — Quinquennial report. Next filing for 2019 fiscaly ear. (Expected to be due on the last business day of May or June 2020, depending on the reporter.)	$\frac{BE-10\ Instructions}{ABE-11.} - Quinquennial\ benchmark\ reporting\ of\ U.S.\ direct\ investment\ abroad\ in\ lieu\ of\ annual\ BE-11.\ (Next\ due\ for\ 2019\ fiscal\ year.)$			
BE-12 — Quinquennial report. Next filing for 2017 fiscal year. (Expected to be due May 31, 2018.)	<u>BE-12 Instructions</u> – Quinqu ennial benchmark reporting of for eign direct investment in the U.S. in lieu of annual BE-15. (Next due for 2017 fiscal year.)			
BE-180 — Quinquennial report. Next filing for 2019 fiscal year. (Expected to be due October 1, 2020.)	<u>BE-180 Instructions</u> — Qu inquennial benchmark reporting of financial service transactions between U.S. financial services providers and for eign persons. (Next due for 2019 fiscal year.)			
$\underline{BE-13}$ – Due on the 45th day after the transaction is completed.	<u>BE-13 Instructions</u> – Transaction-based reporting of foreign direct investment in the U.S. required for transactions in which a foreign person acquires 10% or more of the voting securities of a U.S. person or expands U.S. operations.			

³ BEA Forms expire and/or are updated on a rolling basis and instructions accordingly change from time to time. Before filing please confirm that the form you are completing is still current.
⁴ Although not set out in written guidance, BEA staff have indicated that, in practice, if a form is due on a non-business day, a form submitted on the next business day will be considered timely.

Date	Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	Notes
		January	
January 17, 2017**	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
January 20, 2017	TIC <u>Form BQ-1</u> , <u>BQ-2</u> and <u>BQ-3</u> due (for fourth quarter 2016).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
January 23, 2017	TIC Form SLT du e.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
January 30, 2017	Quarterly Transaction Reports due (for fourth quarter 2016).	A dvisers Act Rule 204A-1 requires "access persons" to submit a transaction report to the chief compliance officer covering all transactions during the previous quarter no later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter.	
		February	
February 14, 2017	Form 13F due.	Rule 13f-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") requires every institutional investment adviser that exercises investment discretion over accounts holding Section 13 (f) securities with an aggregate fair market value on the last trading day of any month of any calendar year of at least \$100\$ million to file Form 13F within 45 days after the last day of such calendar year and within 45 days after the last day of each of the first three calendar quarters of the subsequent calendar year.	
February 14, 2017	Form 13H due.	Exchange Act Rule 13h-1 requires a "large trader" to identify itself to the SEC and promptly make certain disclosures to the SEC on Form 13H. Following this initial filing of Form 13H, all large traders must make an amended filing to correct inaccurate information promptly (within 10 days) following the quarter-end in which the information became stale and an annual filing within 45 days after the end of each full calendar year (unless they are on Inactive Status).	
February 14, 2017	Schedule 13G and any amendments due.	Exchange Act Rule 13d-1 requires beneficial owners of more than 5% of publicly traded equity, who do not have the purpose or effect of changing or influencing control, to file Schedule 13G within 45 days after the end of the calendar year. If a beneficial owner's ownership exceeds 10% of publicly traded equity, the initial Schedule 13G must be filed within 10 days after the last day of the calendar month in which the ownership exceeded 10%. Exchange Act Rule 13d-2 requires amendments to previously filed 13Gs within 45 days after calendar year-end if there are changes as of the end of the calendar year in the reported in formation (other than those caused by a change in an issuer's securities outstanding).	

Date	Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	N otes
		February	
February 14, 2017*	Form 5 due.	Exchange Act Rule 16a-3 requires persons subject to Section 16 to disclose transactions that should have been reported previously on any Form 3 or 4, as well as exempt transactions and certain small acquisitions, within 45 days after the fiscal year-end.	
February 14, 2017*	BE-577 (no current form available) and <u>BE-605</u> due (for fourth quarter 2016).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	Deadline for other three quarters is within 30 days after the quarter-end.
February 15, 2017	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
February 23, 2017	TIC Form SLT due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
		March	
March 1, 2017*	Quarterly update to Form PF due for all "large hedge fund a dvisers" (for fourth quarter 2016).	Form PF requires a "large hedge fund a dviser" to file a quarterly update within 60 calendar days after the end of its fourth fiscal quarter that updates the answers to all items in Form PF (not just relating to the "hedge funds" it advises).	Instead, for the fourth quarter, an investment adviser may submit an initial filing that updates information relating only to its "hedge funds" and then amend Form PF within 120 calendar days after the end of the fourth quarter to update information relating to any other of its private funds. When an investment adviser files such an amendment, it is not required to update information previously filed for such quarter.
March 1, 2017	An nual Exemption Affirmation due for "commodity pool operators" and "commodity trading a dvisors" relying upon Commodities Futures Trading Commission Rules 4.5, 4.13(a)(1), 4.13(a)(2), 4.13(a)(3), 4.13(a)(5) and/or 4.14(a)(8). (Must be filed through the National Futures Association's electronic filing system.)	Commodities Futures Trading Commission Rules 4.5, $4.13(a)(1)$, $4.13(a)(2)$, $4.13(a)(3)$, $4.13(a)(5)$ and $4.14(a)(8)$ require relying "commodity pool operators" and "commodity trading advisors" to affirm their qualification for the applicable exemption with the National Futures Association annually within 60 days after calendar year-end.	

Date	Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	Notes	
	March			
March 3,2017	TIC Form SHC due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
March 15,2017	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
March 23, 2017	TIC Form SLT due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
March 31, 2017*	Form ADV annual updating amendment due. State notice filings (if any required by states) and related fees due.	A dvisers Act Rule 204-1(a) (1) requires a registered investment adviser to file an amendment to its Form ADV within 90 days after its fiscal year-end.	Filing fees payable.	
March 31, 2017*	BE-185 due (for fourth quarter 2016).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
March 31, 2017	A mended Form 13H filing due promptly after this date.	Exchange Act Rule 13h-1 requires a "large trader" to identify itself to the SEC and promptly make certain disclosures to the SEC on Form 13H. Following an initial filing of Form 13H, all large traders must make an amended filing to correct inaccurate information promptly (within 10 days) following the quarter-end in which the information became stale and an annual filing within 45 days after the end of each full calendar year (unless they are on Inactive Status).		
		April		
A pril 17, 2017**	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
A pril 20, 2017	TIC <u>Form BQ-1</u> , <u>BQ-2</u> and <u>BQ-3</u> due (for first quarter 2017).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
April 24, 2017**	TIC Form SLT due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
	May			
May 1, 2017*	Distribute audited financial statements t0 investors.	A dvisers $Act \underline{Rule\ 206(4)-2}$ (the "Custody Rule") requires an investment adviser to distribute au dited financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") to all investors within 120 days after its fiscal year-end.	Note that a 180-day time limit applies to "funds-of-funds." See June 29 description of Advisers Act Rule 206(4)-2.	

Date	Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	Notes	
	May			
May 1, 2017*	Distribute updated Form ADV Part 2A (or summary of material changes) to investors.	A dvisers Act <u>Rule 204-3 (b)</u> requires an investment a dviser to distribute to each "client" an updated Part 2A or a summary of material changes with an offer and information on how to obtain the updated Part 2A within 120 days after its fiscal year-end.		
May 1, 2017*	An nual update to Form PF due for all private fund advisers other than "large hedge fund advisers" and "large liquidity fund advisers." Quarterly update to Form PF due (for fourth quarter 2016) for large hedge fund advisers and large liquidity fund advisers who did not submit in formation relating to their other private funds with their fourth-quarter filing.	Form PF requires all private fund a dvisers other than "large hedge fund advisers" and "large liquidity fund a dvisers" to file an annual update to all items in Form PF within 120 days after the fiscal year-end.	See March 1 description of Form PF.	
May 1, 2017	Quarterly Transaction Reports due (for first quarter 2017).	A dvisers $Act \underline{Rule 204A-1}$ requires "access persons" to submit a transaction report to the chief compliance officer covering all transactions during the previous quarter no later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter.		
May 1, 2017*.***	BE-577 (no current form available) and <u>BE-605</u> due (for first quarter 2017).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
May 15, 2017	Form 13F (and any related Confidential Treatment Request) due (for first quarter 2017).	Exchange Act Rule 13f-1 requires every institutional investment adviser that exercises investment discretion over accounts holding Section 13(f) securities with an aggregate fair market value on the last trading day of any month of any calendar year of at least \$100 million to file Form 13F within 45 days after the last day of such calendar year and within 45 days after the last day of each of the first three calendar quarters of the subsequent calendar year.		
May 15, 2017*	BE-185 due (for first quarter 2017).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
May 15, 2017	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
May 23, 2017	TIC Form SLT due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
May 30, 2017*	Quarterly update to Form PF due for all "large hedge fund advisers" (for first quarter 2017).	Form PF requires a "large hedge fund adviser" to file a quarterly update within 60 calendar days after the end of its first, second and third fiscal quarters that updates the answers to items in Form PF relating to the "hedge funds" that it a dvises.		

Date	Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	Notes	
	May			
May 31, 2017	BE-15 expected to be due (no current forms available).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
May 31, 2017	BE-11 expected to be due (no current forms available).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
		June		
June 15, 2017	TIC <u>Form S</u> , <u>Form BC</u> , <u>BL-1</u> and <u>BL-2</u> due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
June 23, 2017	TIC Form SLT due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
June 29, 2017*	Distribute audited financial statements to investors in "funds-of-funds."	Pursuant to an SEC <u>No-Action Letter</u> , an investment a dviser to any "funds-of-funds" is required to distribute audited financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP to all investors within 180 days a fter its fiscal year-end.	See May 1 description of Advisers Act Rule 206(4)-2.	
June 30, 2017	Amended Form 13H filing due promptly after this date.	Exchange Act Rule 13h-1 requires a "large trader" to identify itself to the SEC and promptly make certain disclosures to the SEC on Form 13H. Following an initial filing of Form 13H, all large traders must make an amended filing to correct inaccurate information promptly (within 10 days) following the quarter-end in which the information became stale and an annual filing within 45 days after the end of each full calendar year (unless they are on Inactive Status).		
		July		
July 17, 2017**	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
July 20, 2017	TIC <u>Form BQ-1</u> , <u>BQ-2</u> and <u>BQ-3</u> due (for second quarter 2017)	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
July 24, 2017**	TIC Form SLT due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
July 31, 2017	QuarterlyTransaction Reports due (for second quarter 2017).	Advisers $Act \underline{Rule\ 204A-1}$ requires "access persons" to submit a transaction report to the chief compliance officer covering all transactions during the previous quarter no later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter.		

 $\label{lem:Red:SECRegulatoryObligations} \textbf{Red: SEC Regulatory Obligations} \quad \textbf{Black: TIC and BEA Filing Obligations} \quad \textbf{Green: Miscellaneous Filing Obligations}$

Date	Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	Notes	
		July		
July 31, 2017*.***	BE-577 (no current form available) and <u>BE-605</u> due (for second quarter 2017).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
		August		
August 14, 2017	Form 13F (and any related Confidential Treatment Request) due (for second quarter 2017).	Exchange Act Rule 13f-1 requires every institutional investment adviser that exercises investment discretion over accounts holding Section 13(f) securities with an aggregate fair market value on the last trading day of any month of any calendar year of at least \$100 million to file Form 13F within 45 days after the last day of such calendar year and within 45 days after the last day of each of the first three calendar quarters of the subsequent calendar year.		
August 14, 2017*	BE-185 due (for second quarter 2017).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
August 15, 2017	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
August 23, 2017	TIC Form SLT du e.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
August 29, 2017*	Quarterly update to Form PF due for all "large hedge fund a dvisers" (for second quarter 2017).	Form PF requires a "large hedge fund a dviser" to file a quarterly update within 60 calendar days after the end of its first, second and third fiscal quarters that updates the answers to items in Form PF relating to the "hedge funds" that it a dvises.		
August 31, 2017	TIC Form SHLA due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
	September			
September 15, 2017	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		
September 25, 2017**	TIC Form SLT du e.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.		

Date	Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	Notes
		September	
September 30, 2017	A mended Form 13H filing due promptly after this date.	Exchange Act Rule 13h-1 requires a "large trader" to identify itself to the SEC and promptly make certain disclosures to the SEC on Form 13H. Following an initial filing of Form 13H, all large traders must make an amended filing to correct inaccurate information promptly (within 10 days) following the quarter-end in which the information became stale and an annual filing within 45 days after the end of each full calendar year (unless they are on Inactive Status).	
		October	
October 16, 2017**	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
October 20, 2017	TIC <u>Form BQ-1</u> , <u>BQ-2</u> and <u>BQ-3</u> due (for third quarter 2017).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
October 23, 2017	TIC Form SLT due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
October 30, 2017	Quarterly Transaction Reports due (for third quarter 2017).	A dvisers Act Rule 204A-1 requires "access persons" to submit a transaction report to the chief compliance officer covering all transactions during the previous quarter no later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter.	
October 30, 2017*	BE-577 (no current form available) and <u>BE-605</u> due (for third quarter 2017).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
	•	N ovember	
N ovember 14, 2017	Form 13F (and any related Confidential Treatment Request) due (for third quarter 2017).	Exchange Act Rule 13f-1 requires every institutional investment adviser that exercises in vestment discretion over accounts holding Section 13(f) securities with an aggregate fair market value on the last trading day of any month of any calendar year of at least \$100 million to file Form 13F within 45 days after the last day of such calendar year and within 45 days after the last day of each of the first three calendar quarters of the subsequent calendar year.	
N ov em ber 14, 2017*	BE-185 due (for third quarter 2017).	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
November 15, 2017	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	

Date	Activity	Legal Basis for Compliance	Notes
		N ov em ber	
N ov ember 24, 2017**	TIC Form SLT due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
November 29, 2017*	Quarterly update to Form PF due for all "large hedge fund a dvisers" (for third quarter 2017).	Form PF requires a "large hedge fund a dviser" to file a quarterly update within 60 calendar days after the end of its first, second and third fiscal quarters that updates the answers to items in Form PF relating to the "hedge funds" that it a dvises.	
		December	
December 15, 2017	TIC Form S, Form BC, BL-1 and BL-2 due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
December 26, 2017**	TIC Form SLT due.	See Annual Compliance Obligations.	
December 31, 2017	Amended Form 13H filing due promptly after this date.	Exchange Act Rule 13h-1 requires a "large trader" to identify itself to the SEC and promptly make certain disclosures to the SEC on Form 13H. Following an initial filing of Form 13H, all large traders must make an amended filing to correct inaccurate information promptly (within 10 days) following the quarter-end in which the information became stale and an annual filing within 45 days after the end of each full calendar year (unless they are on Inactive Status).	

Notes

- * Assumes a fiscal year ending December 31.
- ** If a TIC report is due on a non-business day, the due date is the next business day.
- ***Although not set out in written guidance, BEA staff have indicated that, in practice, if a form is due on a non-business day, a form submitted on the next business day will be considered timely.

This Calendar is not intended to provide legal advice, and no legal or business decision should be based on its content. Questions concerning issues addressed in this Calendar should be directed to:

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Private Funds Practice

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